
Chapter 4, Lesson 1, Exercise Guide

Chapter 4, Lesson 1, Scripture References

John 6:63; John 14:16-17; John 14:26; John 15:26; John 16:7-14; Colossians 2:9; John 1:1-3; Colossians 1:15-17; John 17:4-5; Genesis 1:1-3; Genesis 1:26; John 4:24; John 1:1; Romans 8:3; 1 Thessalonians 5:23; 1 Corinthians 15:20-24; Ephesians 2:1; John 3:5-6; 1 Corinthians 6:19-20; 1 Corinthians 2:14-16; Genesis 2:7; John 1:1-7; Romans 1:19-20.

Chapter 4, Lesson 1, Study and Prayer

1. Why do we not know how to hear the voice of God when we are first born again?

2. Why did Jesus send the Holy Spirit to us? What are the Holy Spirit's purposes?

3. What are the two parts of being led by the Holy Spirit? Why are both parts important?

4. How do we know from Scripture that Jesus was with God at creation?

5. How do we know from Scripture that the Holy Spirit was with God at creation?

6. How do we know from Scripture that Jesus was not created by God?

7. What three parts are people composed of? Describe each part and how it is distinct from the other two parts.

8. Where do we hear God's voice? Why are we able to hear God's voice?

12. **Personal Observation.** Think back to before you were born again. When you read the Bible or people talked to you about Jesus, how much did you understand? What did you think and feel about the things of God? How well did you understand them?

12. **Personal Observation.** Think back to when/after you were born again. How did your understanding and interest in the Bible and the things of God change? What changed inside you when you were born again?

13. **Personal Observation.** How does comparing your own experience before and after you were born again help you to understand John 3:5-6 and 1 Corinthians 2:14-16?

Chapter 4, Lesson 2, Exercise Guide

Chapter 4, Lesson 2, Scripture References

Romans 8:14-15; John 16:13-14; Matthew 11:29-30.

Chapter 4, Lesson 2, Study and Prayer

1. What does “God’s Voice Agrees With Himself” mean?

2. What does “God’s Voice Promotes the Gospel” mean?

3. What does “God’s Voice Acts Like Jesus” mean?

Chapter 4, Lesson 3, Exercise Guide

Chapter 4, Lesson 3, Scripture References

Revelation 12:9-11; John 16:8-11; Matthew 12:33; Ephesians 2:1-3; John 3:17-18; Romans 8:1; Hebrews 12:11; Romans 14:17.

Chapter 4, Lesson 3, Study and Prayer

1. Conviction is an _____ and is, therefore, _____.
Condemnation is an act of “the accuser of the brethren” and is, therefore, _____.
2. We must _____ (distinguish and separate) what is from God and what is from Satan.
3. Mature Christians must learn to recognize conviction and _____ it and learn to recognize condemnation and _____ it.
4. In the table below, compare and contrast conviction and condemnation. Review the section on conviction and condemnation and list some of the aspects of conviction or how it acts on one side and the counterpoint for condemnation across from it.

Conviction	Condemnation

5. It is inappropriate for Satan to say _____ to a human being who belongs to Jesus! It is even more inappropriate for *us* to _____ to him.
6. If we love God, it is very difficult to sin against him _____.
7. In the table below, compare and contrast the differences between sinning *before* we knew Jesus and sinning *now* that we know him.

Before	Now

8. How would God have us respond to conviction? How would God have us respond to condemnation? Why is understanding and *doing* these things so very important to our relationship and walk with God?

9. It is not enough to be obedient to the Lord; the _____ in which we are obedient is as important as the _____ of obedience itself.
10. When we need _____, the Holy Spirit will bring conviction, which leads to _____, which leads to the peaceable fruit of _____.
11. If we make a mistake, act carnally, or sin in any way, what should we do?

Chapter 4, Lesson 4, Exercise Guide

Chapter 4, Lesson 4, Scripture References

Hebrews 6:13-14; 1 Timothy 3:1a, 6; Luke 2:1; Galatians 3:27-29; Galatians 3:6; Romans 8:16-17; 1 John 2:1; Revelation 1:5b-6; Romans 14:11-15.

Chapter 4, Lesson 4, Study and Prayer

1. What are the three legal implications of Romans 8:14-15? List them in the table below and then describe what they mean to you and *your* walk with the Lord.

Legal Implications of Romans 8:14-15

A.

B.

C.

2. Regardless of gender, if I am a believer in Jesus Christ, washed in his blood,
_____ called by Jesus to serve God the Father and, in order to do so,
_____ learn to be led by the Spirit. _____ devotion to the Lord
and _____ faithful, mature walk with him, demonstrated by a life of Godly love
and integrity, is the strongest, most effective _____ any spouse
(child, brother, sister, parent, friend, coworker, or neighbor) could ever hear.

3. When is it time to stop waiting around for my spouse to get serious about God?

4. When is it time to stop putting off doing what the Lord is asking me to do?

5. When is it time to purpose in my heart to live a life that is led by the Holy Spirit, a life of
sonship, a life of authority and inheritance, a life lived under the name of my Father?

6. Based on questions 3-5, what am I going to do differently today than I did yesterday?
